Security dangers of the NIST curves

D. J. Bernstein University of Illinois at Chicago & Technische Universiteit Eindhoven

Joint work with:

Tanja Lange Technische Universiteit Eindhoven

The NIST curves were designed to make DLP difficult.

Or were they?

"ECC Brainpool Standard Curves and Curve Generation version 1.0", 2005.10.19: "The choice of the seeds from which the curve parameters have been derived is not motivated leaving an essential part of the security analysis open."

Security dangers of the NIST curves

D. J. Bernstein University of Illinois at Chicago & Technische Universiteit Eindhoven

Joint work with:

Tanja Lange Technische Universiteit Eindhoven

The NIST curves were designed to make DLP difficult.

Or were they?

"ECC Brainpool Standard Curves and Curve Generation version 1.0", 2005.10.19: "The choice of the seeds from which the curve parameters have been derived is not motivated leaving an essential Bruce Schneier, "NSA surveillance: A guide to staying secure", The Guardian,

discrete-log-based systems over

elliptic-curve systems; the latter

have constants that the NSA

influences when they can."

- part of the security analysis open."
- 2013.09.06: "Prefer conventional

- dangers IST curves
- ernstein
- ty of Illinois at Chicago & che Universiteit Eindhoven
- ork with:
- ange che Universiteit Eindhoven
- T curves were designed DLP difficult.
- they?

Bruce Schneier, "NSA surveillance: A guide to staying secure", The Guardian, 2013.09.06: "Prefer conventional discrete-log-based systems over elliptic-curve systems; the latter have constants that the NSA influences when they can."

### But that As far as NIST-cu

### S

is at Chicago & siteit Eindhoven

### siteit Eindhoven

were designed cult. "ECC Brainpool Standard Curves and Curve Generation version 1.0", 2005.10.19: "The choice of the seeds from which the curve parameters have been derived is not motivated leaving an essential part of the security analysis open."

Bruce Schneier, "NSA surveillance: A guide to staying secure", The Guardian, 2013.09.06: "Prefer conventional discrete-log-based systems over elliptic-curve systems; the latter have constants that the NSA influences when they can."

### But that's not our As far as we know NIST-curve DLP i

ago & hoven

hoven

ned

"ECC Brainpool Standard Curves and Curve Generation version 1.0", 2005.10.19: "The choice of the seeds from which the curve parameters have been derived is not motivated leaving an essential part of the security analysis open."

Bruce Schneier, "NSA surveillance: A guide to staying secure", The Guardian, 2013.09.06: "Prefer conventional discrete-log-based systems over elliptic-curve systems; the latter have constants that the NSA influences when they can."

### But that's not our main poi As far as we know today, NIST-curve DLP is secure.

Bruce Schneier, "NSA surveillance: A guide to staying secure", The Guardian, 2013.09.06: "Prefer conventional discrete-log-based systems over elliptic-curve systems; the latter have constants that the NSA influences when they can."

But that's not our main point. As far as we know today, NIST-curve DLP is secure.

Bruce Schneier, "NSA surveillance: A guide to staying secure", The Guardian, 2013.09.06: "Prefer conventional discrete-log-based systems over elliptic-curve systems; the latter have constants that the NSA influences when they can."

But that's not our main point. As far as we know today, NIST-curve DLP is secure. Here's our main point:

**NIST-curve ECC** is much less secure than NIST-curve DLP.

Bruce Schneier, "NSA surveillance: A guide to staying secure", The Guardian, 2013.09.06: "Prefer conventional discrete-log-based systems over elliptic-curve systems; the latter have constants that the NSA influences when they can."

But that's not our main point. As far as we know today, NIST-curve DLP is secure. Here's our main point: **NIST-curve ECC** is much less secure than NIST-curve DLP.

If you use the NIST curves, you're probably doing it wrong.

Your code produces incorrect results for some rare curve points; leaks secret data when the input isn't a curve point; leaks secret data through cache timing; etc.

rainpool Standard Curves ve Generation version 05.10.19: "The choice eds from which the curve ers have been derived is ivated leaving an essential he security analysis open."

chneier, "NSA nce: A guide to secure", The Guardian, 06: "Prefer conventional log-based systems over urve systems; the latter nstants that the NSA es when they can."

But that's not our main point. As far as we know today, NIST-curve DLP is secure.

Here's our main point: **NIST-curve ECC is much less** secure than NIST-curve DLP.

If you use the NIST curves, you're probably doing it wrong.

Your code produces incorrect results for some rare curve points; leaks secret data when the input isn't a curve point; leaks secret data through cache timing; etc.

These p exploital These at real prot DLP is r compute reveals of Real pro handle a have fail reveal ti

Attacker

tandard Curves tion version "The choice which the curve een derived is y analysis open."

### NSA

ide to

he Guardian,

er conventional

systems over

ms; the latter

at the NSA

ey can."

But that's not our main point. As far as we know today, NIST-curve DLP is secure.

Here's our main point: **NIST-curve ECC is much less secure than NIST-curve DLP.** 

If you use the NIST curves, you're probably doing it wrong.

Your code produces incorrect results for some rare curve points; leaks secret data when the input isn't a curve point; leaks secret data through cache timing; etc.

# These problems ar exploitable by atta These attacks are real protocols, not DLP is non-interac computes nP corr reveals only nP. Real protocols handle attacker-co

have failure cases; reveal timing.

Attacker exploits t

urves n ice curve ed is sential open." an,

tional

ver

tter

4

But that's not our main point. As far as we know today, NIST-curve DLP is secure. Here's our main point:

**NIST-curve ECC** is much less secure than NIST-curve DLP.

If you use the NIST curves, you're probably doing it wrong.

Your code produces incorrect results for some rare curve points; leaks secret data when the input isn't a curve point; leaks secret data through cache timing; etc.

### These problems are exploitable by attackers.

- These attacks are against
- real protocols, not against C
- DLP is non-interactive; computes nP correctly; reveals only nP.
- Real protocols
- handle attacker-controlled ir
- have failure cases;
- reveal timing.
- Attacker exploits these gaps

But that's not our main point. As far as we know today, NIST-curve DLP is secure.

### Here's our main point: **NIST-curve ECC** is much less secure than NIST-curve DLP.

If you use the NIST curves, you're probably doing it wrong.

Your code produces incorrect results for some rare curve points; leaks secret data when the input isn't a curve point; leaks secret data through cache timing; etc.

These problems are exploitable by attackers.

These attacks are against real protocols, not against DLP.

DLP is non-interactive; computes nP correctly; reveals only nP.

Real protocols handle attacker-controlled input; have failure cases; reveal timing.

Attacker exploits these gaps.

s not our main point. s we know today, rve DLP is secure.

ur main point: urve ECC is much less chan NIST-curve DLP.

se the NIST curves, robably doing it wrong.

de produces incorrect or some rare curve points; cret data when the input urve point; leaks secret ough cache timing; etc.

These problems are exploitable by attackers. These attacks are against real protocols, not against DLP. DLP is non-interactive; computes nP correctly; reveals only nP. Real protocols handle attacker-controlled input; have failure cases; reveal timing.

Attacker exploits these gaps.

## Can NIS Theoreti highly fr of limite

- main point.
- today,
- s secure.
- oint:
- is much less **T-curve DLP**.
- T curves, oing it wrong.
- es incorrect are curve points; when the input ; leaks secret e timing; etc.

These attacks are against real protocols, not against DLP.

DLP is non-interactive; computes nP correctly; reveals only nP.

Real protocols handle attacker-controlled input; have failure cases; reveal timing.

Attacker exploits these gaps.

### Can NIST-curve E Theoretically, but highly fragile; unir of limited security

5	•	
$\left( \right)$	lL	-
	-	_

### less )LP.

ng.

t ooints;

nput

ret

etc.

These problems are exploitable by attackers.

These attacks are against real protocols, not against DLP.

DLP is non-interactive; computes nP correctly; reveals only nP.

Real protocols handle attacker-controlled input; have failure cases; reveal timing.

Attacker exploits these gaps.

Can NIST-curve ECC be safe Theoretically, but hard to do highly fragile; unintelligent u of limited security resources.

These attacks are against real protocols, not against DLP.

DLP is non-interactive; computes nP correctly; reveals only nP.

Real protocols handle attacker-controlled input; have failure cases; reveal timing.

Attacker exploits these gaps.

Can NIST-curve ECC be safe? Theoretically, but hard to do; highly fragile; unintelligent use of limited security resources.

These attacks are against real protocols, not against DLP.

DLP is non-interactive; computes nP correctly; reveals only nP.

Real protocols handle attacker-controlled input; have failure cases; reveal timing.

Attacker exploits these gaps.

Can NIST-curve ECC be safe? Theoretically, but hard to do; highly fragile; unintelligent use of limited security resources.

Sensible security engineering: not just for DLP security.

# **Design curves for ECC security**,

These attacks are against real protocols, not against DLP.

DLP is non-interactive; computes nP correctly; reveals only nP.

Real protocols handle attacker-controlled input; have failure cases; reveal timing.

Attacker exploits these gaps.

Can NIST-curve ECC be safe? Theoretically, but hard to do; highly fragile; unintelligent use of limited security resources.

Sensible security engineering: not just for DLP security.

Detailed analysis online now (+ white paper coming soon): cr.yp.to/talks/2013.05.31 /slides-dan+tanja

-20130531-4x3.pdf

- **Design curves for ECC security**,

These attacks are against real protocols, not against DLP.

DLP is non-interactive; computes nP correctly; reveals only nP.

Real protocols handle attacker-controlled input; have failure cases; reveal timing.

Attacker exploits these gaps.

Can NIST-curve ECC be safe? Theoretically, but hard to do; highly fragile; unintelligent use of limited security resources.

Sensible security engineering: not just for DLP security.

Detailed analysis online now (+ white paper coming soon):

cr.yp.to/talks/2013.05.31

/slides-dan+tanja

-20130531-4x3.pdf

 $\Rightarrow$  Use Curve25519.

- **Design curves for ECC security**,

These attacks are against real protocols, not against DLP.

DLP is non-interactive; computes nP correctly; reveals only nP.

Real protocols handle attacker-controlled input; have failure cases; reveal timing.

Attacker exploits these gaps.

Can NIST-curve ECC be safe? Theoretically, but hard to do; highly fragile; unintelligent use of limited security resources.

Sensible security engineering: **Design curves for ECC security**, not just for DLP security.

Detailed analysis online now (+ white paper coming soon):

cr.yp.to/talks/2013.05.31

/slides-dan+tanja

-20130531-4x3.pdf

 $\Rightarrow$  Use Curve25519. Or  $x^2 + y^2 =$  $1 + 3617x^2y^2 \mod 2^{414} - 17.$